

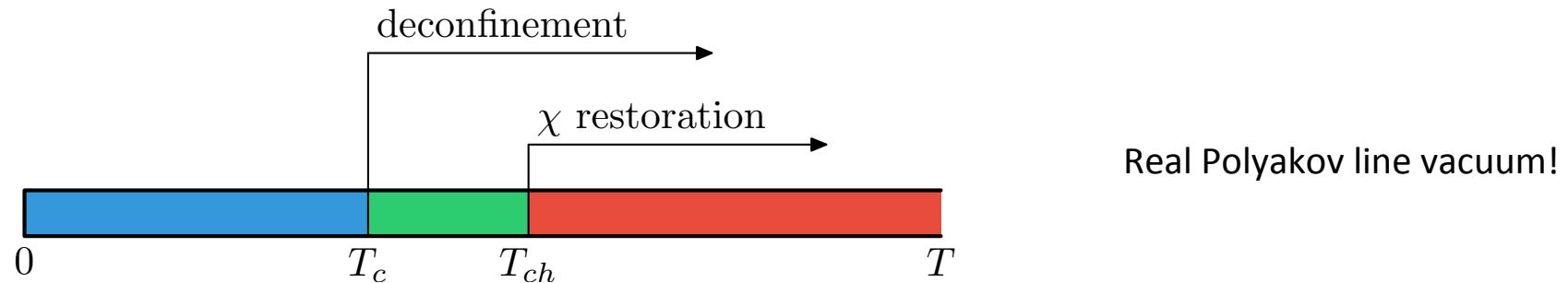
Deconfinement, Chiral Symmetry Breaking and Chiral Polarization

A. Alexandru & I. Horváth

Interested in two aspects:

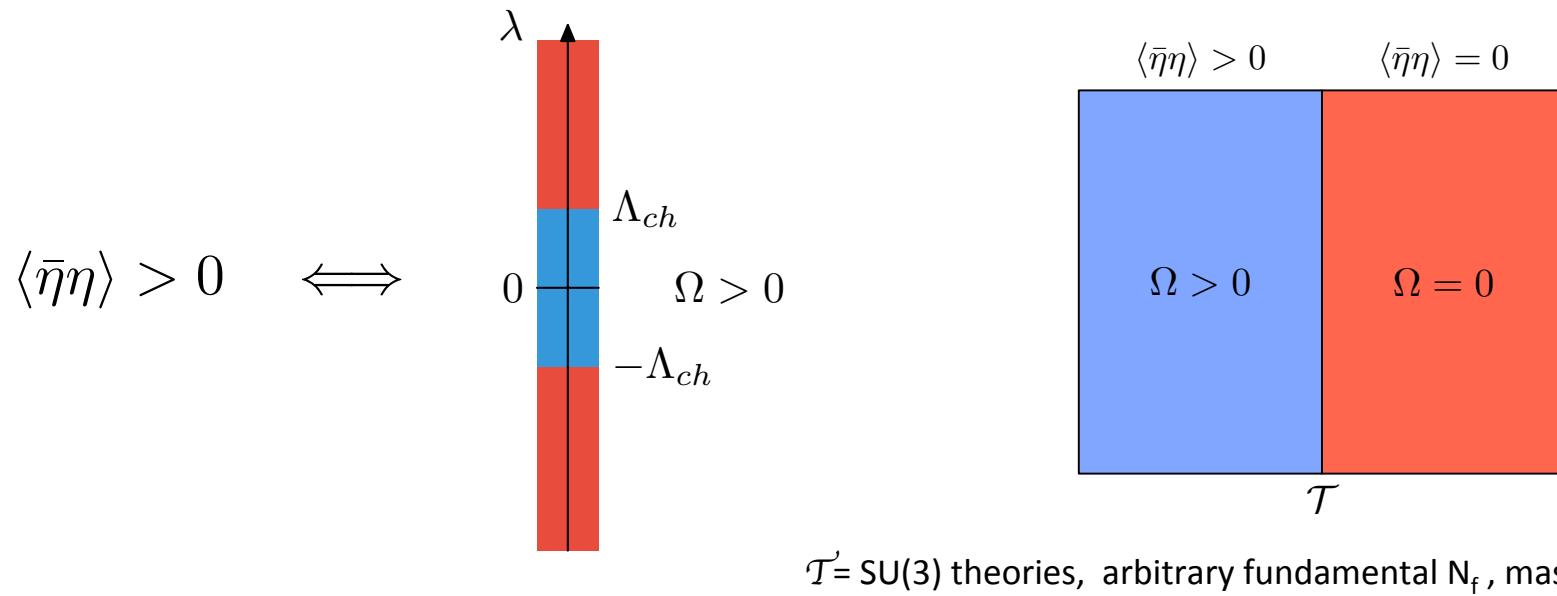
(1) The existence of “mixed phase” in $N_f=0$ theory

Edwards, Heller, Kiskis, Narayanan, 1999



(2) Valence SChSB – Chiral Polarization correspondence

Alexandru, Horvath, 2012



Two Questions/Goals:

(A) Is mixed phase in $N_f=0$ QCD for real? [finite cutoff & continuum]

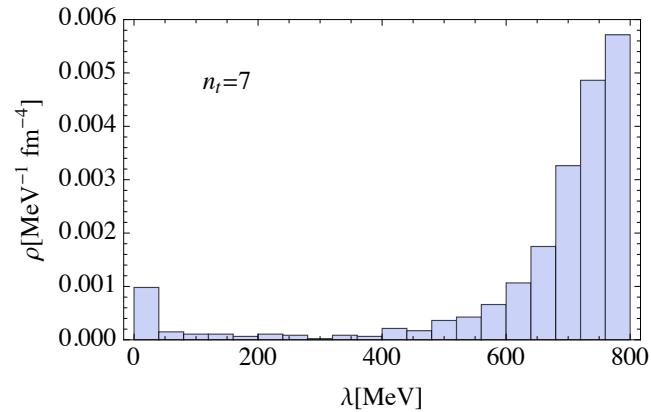
(B) Does vSCHSB – ChP correspondence hold there? [finite cutoff & continuum]

Discussion with three parts:

(i) Qualitative overview

[A.Alexandru, IH, arXiv:1210.7849, arXiv:1211.3728]

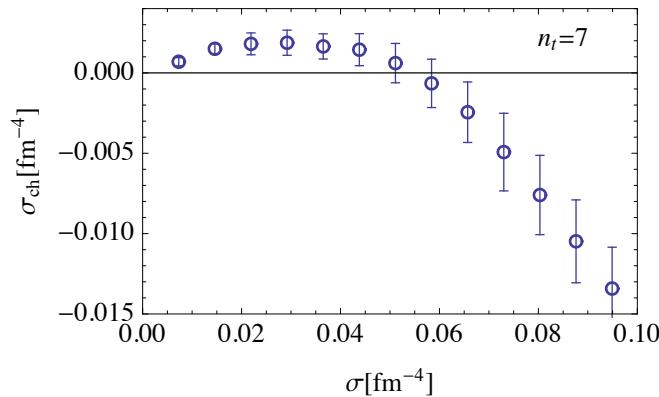
- Overlap massless valence probe appears important



(ii) (A) and (B) at finite cutoff

[A.Alexandru, IH, arXiv:1405.2968]

- Infinite-volume considerations essential



(iii) (A) and (B) in the continuum limit

[A.Alexandru, IH, ongoing work]

The Tools:

◆ For valence Spontaneous Chiral Symmetry Breaking (vSChSB) : use $\rho(\lambda \rightarrow 0)$

$$\lim_{m_v \rightarrow 0} \lim_{V \rightarrow \infty} \langle \bar{\eta} \eta \rangle_V \neq 0 \iff \lim_{\lambda \rightarrow 0} \lim_{V \rightarrow \infty} \rho(\lambda, V) > 0$$

vSChSB \iff mode condensation

Banks, Casher, 1980

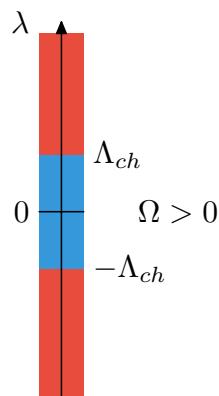
◆ For dynamical Chiral Polarization (ChP) : use Ω

C_A – correlation coefficient of polarization (non—Pearson)

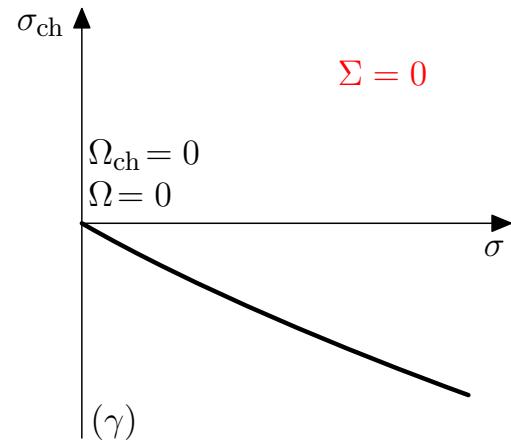
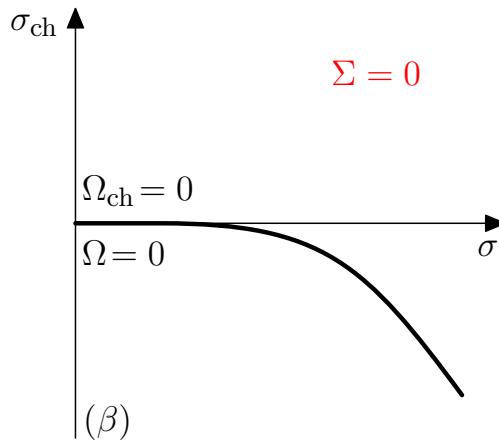
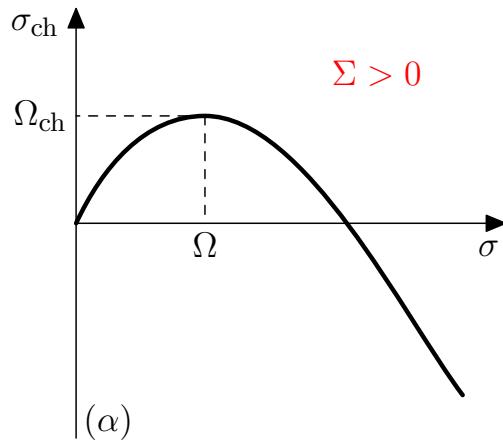
Alexandru, Draper, Horvath , Streuer, 2010

$$\sigma_{ch}(\lambda, V) \equiv \frac{1}{V} \langle \sum_{0 \leq \lambda_k < \lambda} C_{A,k} \rangle_V \quad \quad \quad \sigma(\lambda, V) \equiv \frac{1}{V} \langle \sum_{0 \leq \lambda_k < \lambda} 1 \rangle_V$$

Eliminate λ in favor of σ \implies $\sigma_{ch} = \sigma_{ch}(\sigma)$



...continued:



Lattice setup:

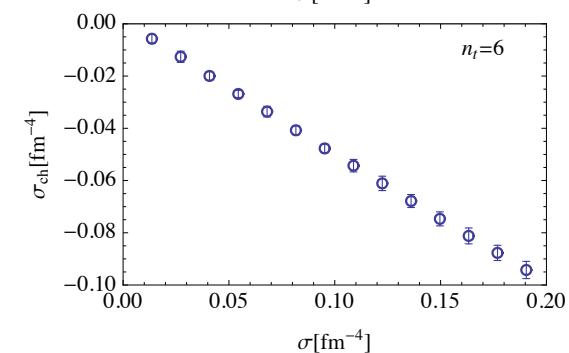
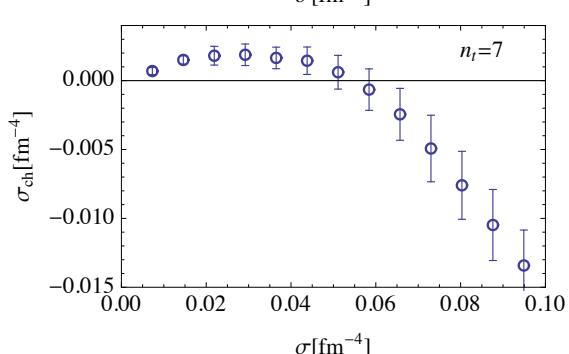
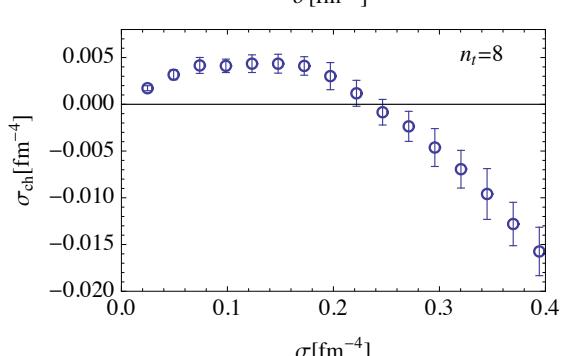
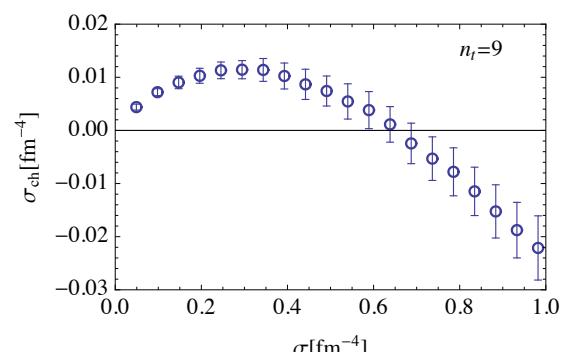
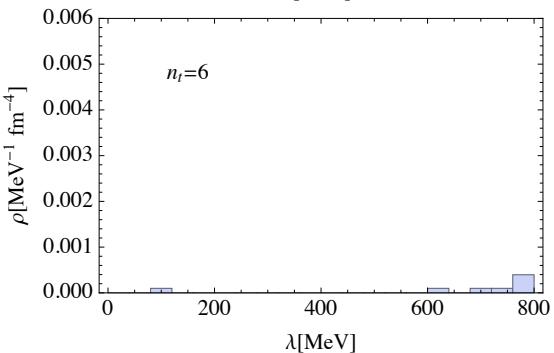
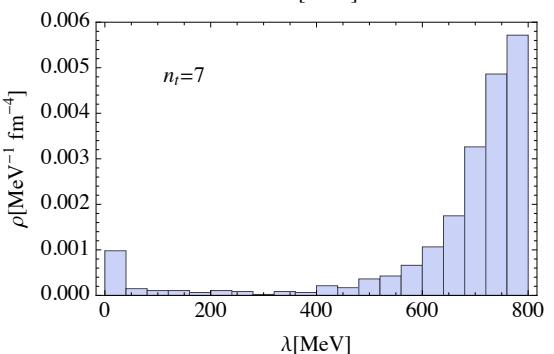
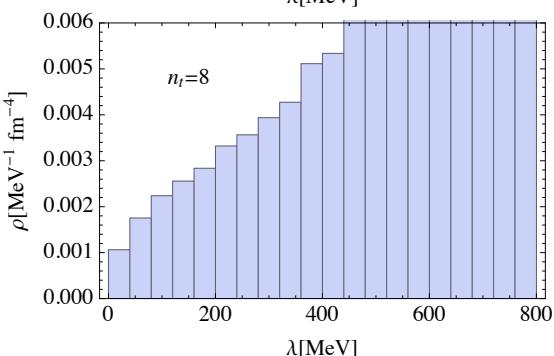
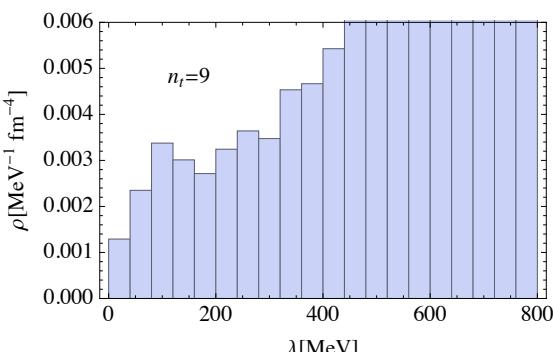
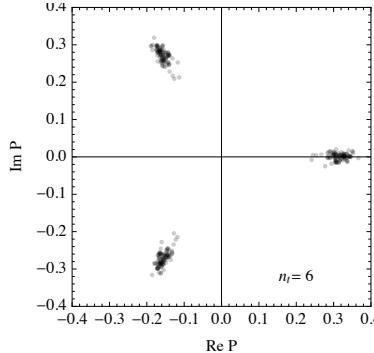
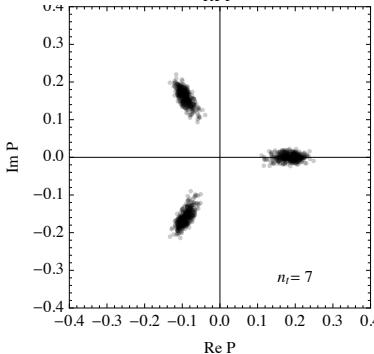
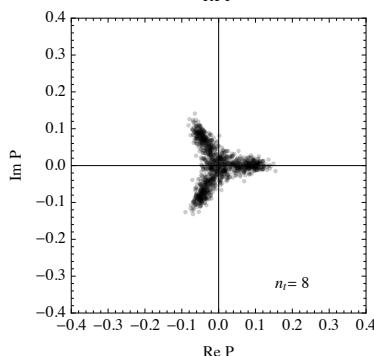
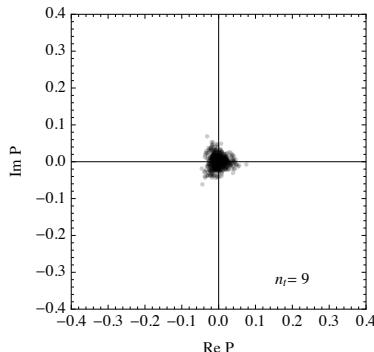
- Wilson gauge action: scale from $r_0=0.5$ fm
- Overlap valence probe with Wilson kernel: $r=1$, $\rho=26/19$

(i) Qualitative overview

- Change temperature with fixed 3-volume
- Fixed-scale approach
- Focus on transition region here

| Ensemble | N_t | T/T_c | $T[\text{MeV}]$ | N_{cfg} | $ \lambda _{min}^{av}$ | $ \lambda _{min}$ | $ \lambda _{max}^{av}$ | $ \lambda _{max}$ |
|----------|-------|---------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| E_1 | 20 | 0.42 | 116 | 100* | 0.0204 | 0.0027 | 0.6128 | 0.6160 |
| E_2 | 12 | 0.70 | 193 | 200* | 0.0320 | 0.0065 | 0.7241 | 0.7270 |
| E_3 | 10 | 0.84 | 232 | 200 | 0.0379 | 0.0018 | 0.7658 | 0.7701 |
| → E_4 | 9 | 0.93 | 258 | 200 | 0.0402 | 0.0039 | 0.7912 | 0.7944 |
| → E_5 | 8 | 1.05 | 290 | 400 | 0.0859 | 0.0011 | 0.8208 | 0.8246 |
| → E_6 | 7 | 1.20 | 331 | 400 | 0.2473 | 0.0006 | 0.8631 | 0.8675 |
| → E_7 | 6 | 1.39 | 386 | 100 | 0.4038 | 0.0498 | 0.9233 | 0.9283 |
| E_8 | 4 | 2.09 | 579 | 100 | 0.7868 | 0.7129 | 1.1608 | 1.1673 |

$20^3 \times N_t$ system at $\beta=6.054$, $a=0.085$ fm



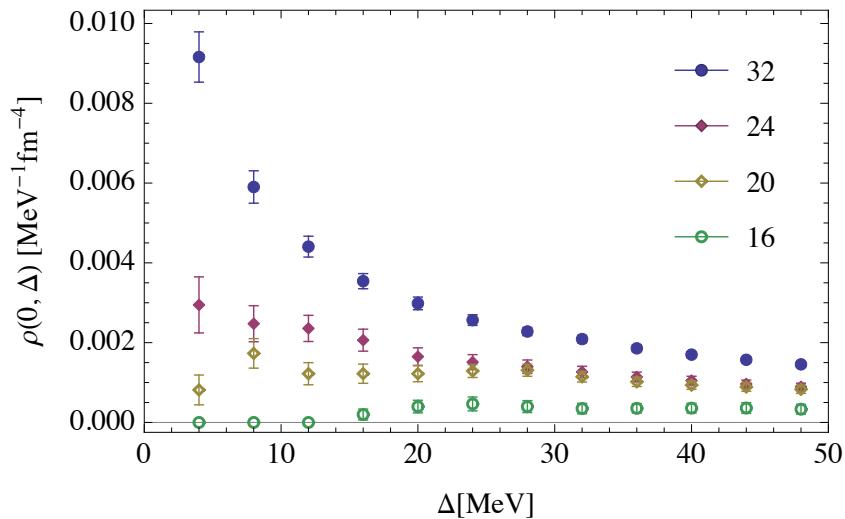
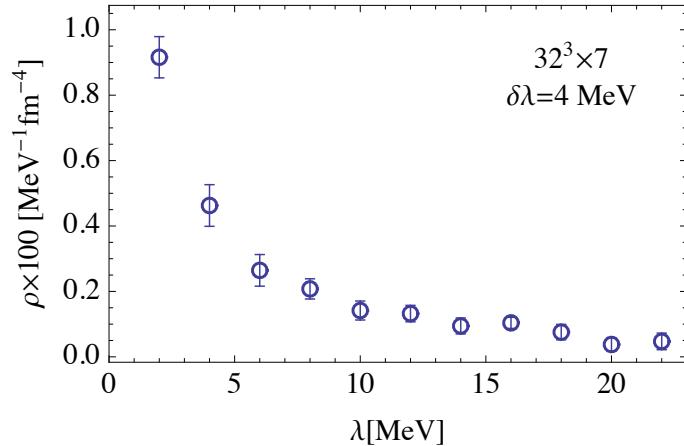
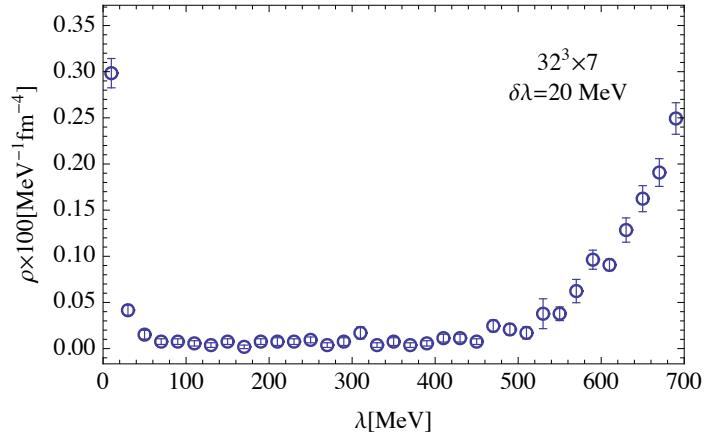
(ii) Fixed Cutoff

- Change 3-volume at $N_t=7$ of candidate mixed phase

| Ensemble | N | $L[\text{fm}]$ | N_{cfg} | $ \lambda _{min}^{av}$ | $ \lambda _{min}$ | $ \lambda _{max}^{av}$ | $ \lambda _{max}$ |
|----------|-----|----------------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| G_1 | 16 | 1.36 | 400 | 0.30151 | 0.00551 | 1.02954 | 1.03476 |
| E_6 | 20 | 1.70 | 400 | 0.24730 | 0.00060 | 0.86310 | 0.86750 |
| G_2 | 24 | 2.04 | 400 | 0.20030 | 0.00009 | 0.74692 | 0.75336 |
| G_3 | 32 | 2.72 | 200 | 0.06746 | 0.00005 | 0.59845 | 0.60793 |

$N^3 \times 7$ system at $\beta=6.054$, $a=0.085$ fm

... Fixed Cutoff: vSChSB

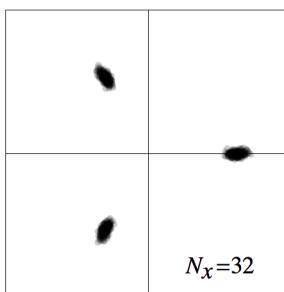
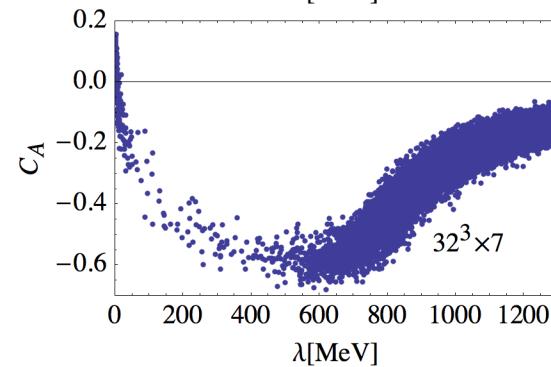
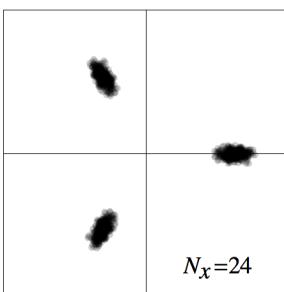
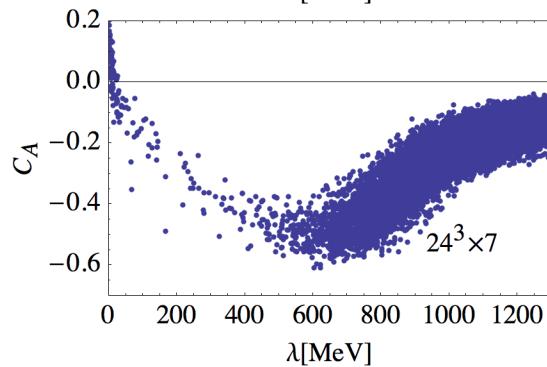
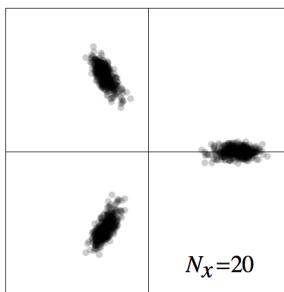
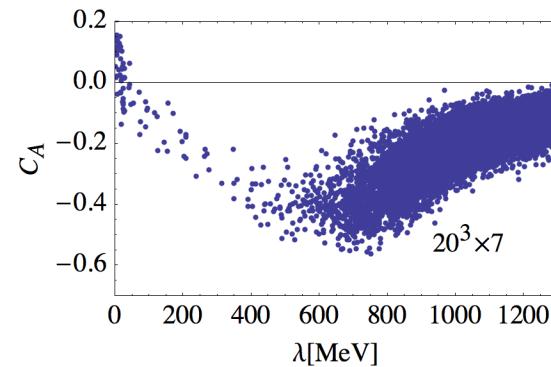
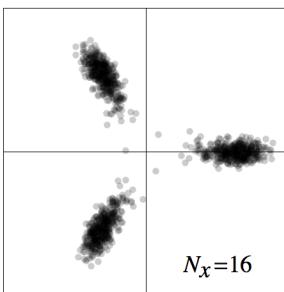
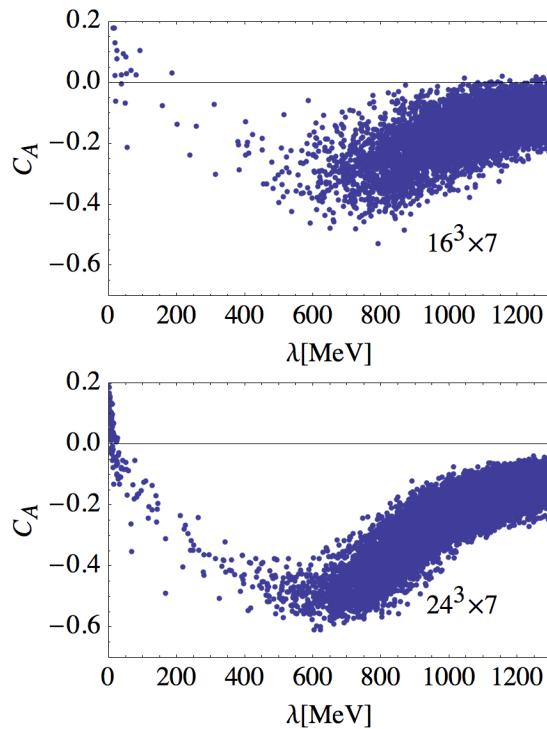


$$\rho(\lambda=0, \Delta, V) \equiv \frac{1}{\Delta} \sigma(\lambda=\Delta, V)$$

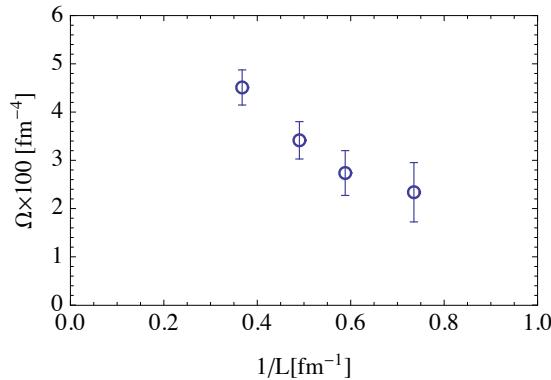
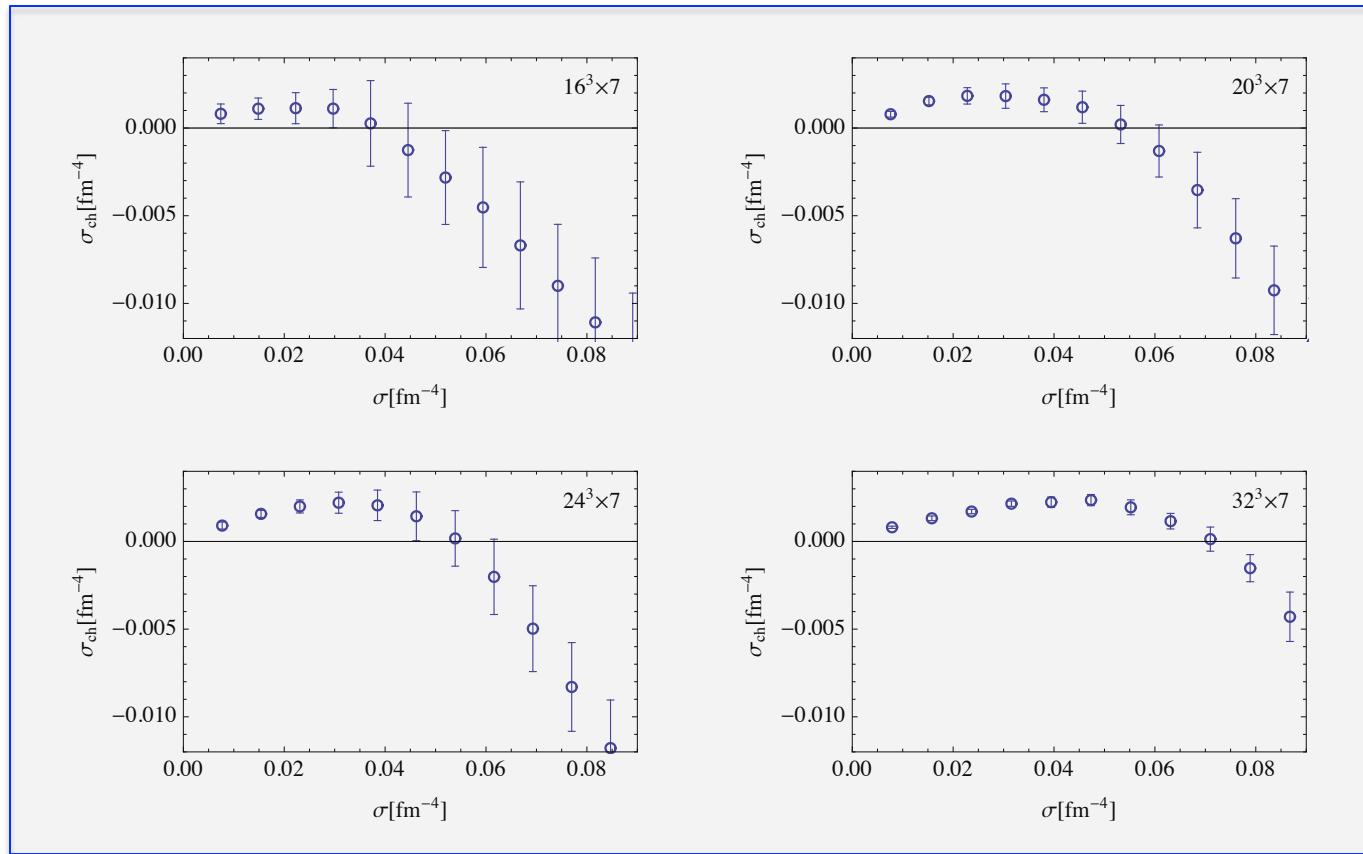
Coarse—grained mode—condensation parameter

Very little doubt that this is
a mode—condensing theory!

... Fixed Cutoff: Chiral Polarization



... Fixed Cutoff: Chiral Polarization...



Very little doubt that the theory is
chirally polarized!

vSChSB – ChP correspondence holds!

(iii) Continuum Limit

Work in progress!

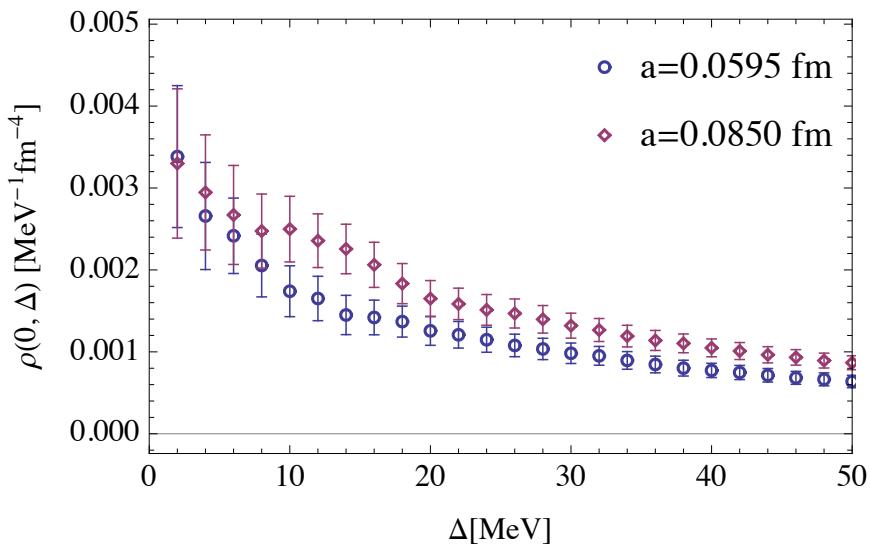
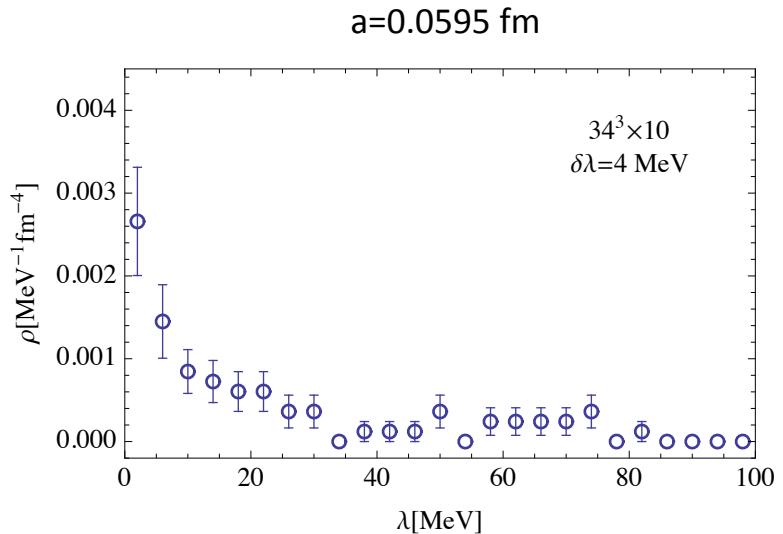
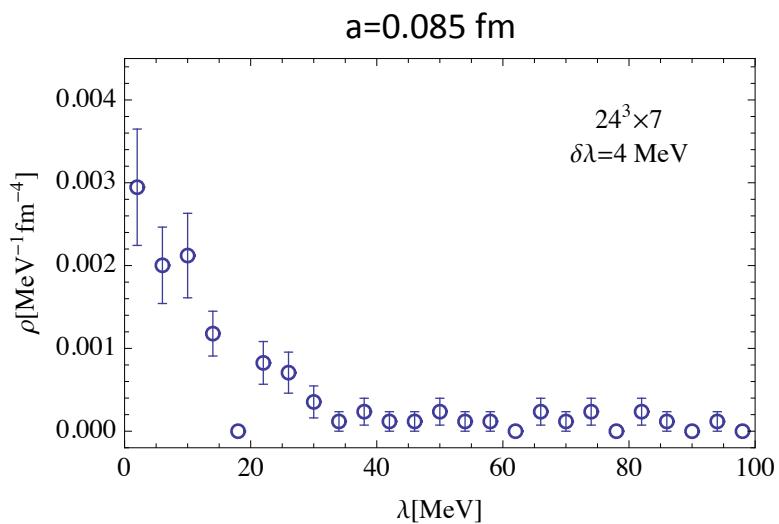
- Change β while keeping T/T_c and 3-volume fixed (corresponds to $N_t=7$ at $\beta=6.054$)

| N_t | $a[\text{fm}]$ | a/r_0 | N | $L[\text{fm}]$ |
|-------|----------------|---------|-----|----------------|
| 6 | 0.0992 | 0.1984 | 20 | 1.984 |
| 7 | 0.0850 | 0.1701 | 24 | 2.040 |
| 8 | 0.0744 | 0.1488 | 28 | 2.083 |
| 9 | 0.0661 | 0.1323 | 32 | 2.115 |
| 10 | 0.0595 | 0.1190 | 34 | 2.023 |
| 11 | 0.0541 | 0.1082 | 38 | 2.056 |
| 12 | 0.0496 | 0.0992 | 42 | 2.083 |

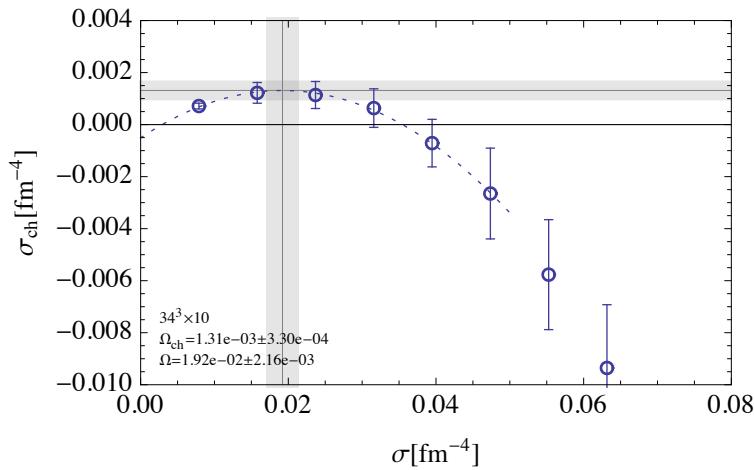
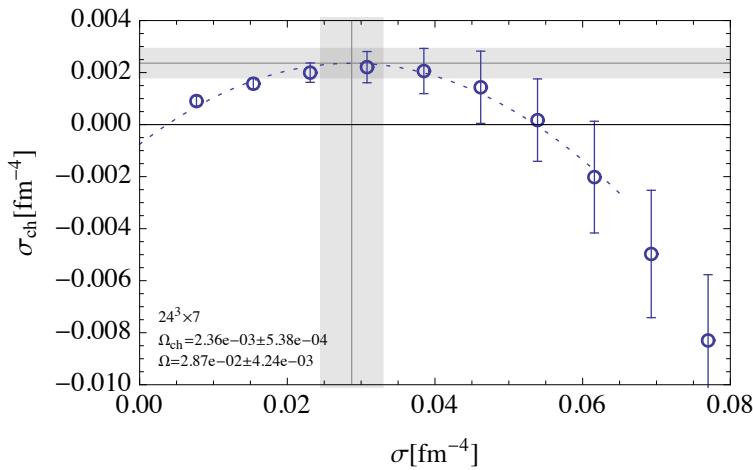
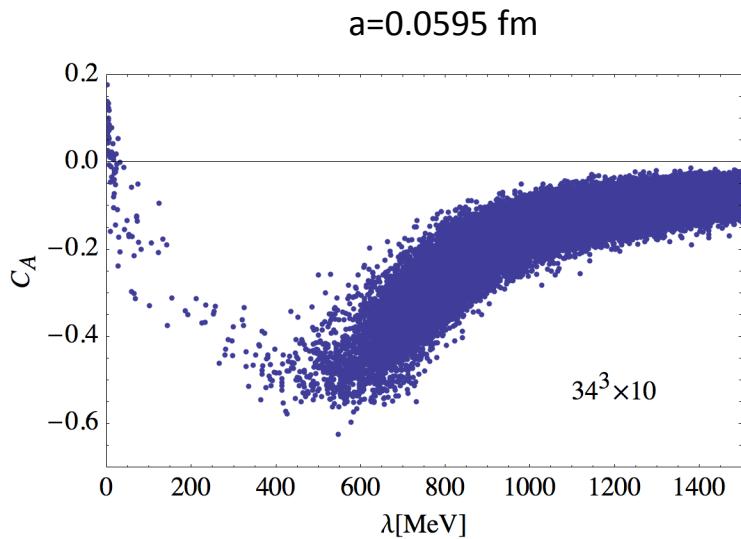
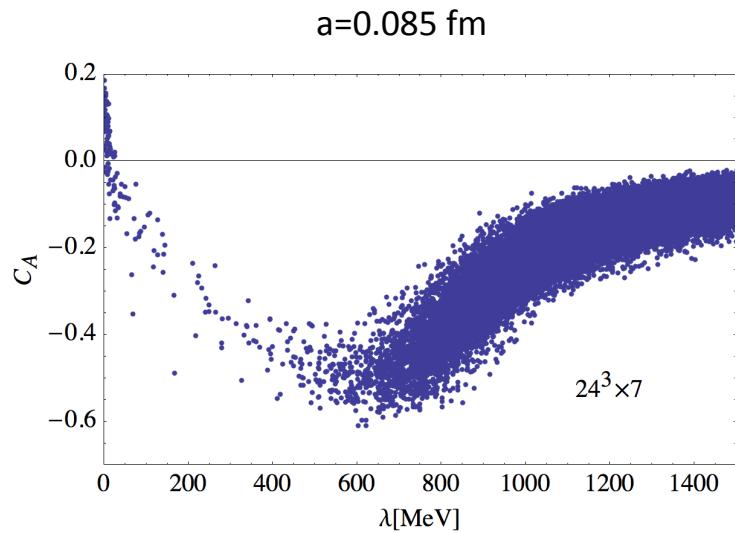
$N^3 \times N_t$ system

$T=1.12 T_c$

Continuum Limit...vSChSB



Continuum Limit...Chiral Polarization



Additional ensembles need to be examined!

Summary and Discussion

- ◆ The mixed phase in $N_f=0$ theory at finite ultraviolet cutoff is for real and it complies with vSChSB—ChP correspondence!
- ◆ Non-trivial cutoff increase doesn't change the situation qualitatively! But making statement in the continuum requires detailed quantitative analysis.
In progress...

- ◆ Important that this gets resolved because it determines how one views sightings of similar anomalous behavior in more physical setups.

Sharma et al arXiv:1311.3943, Bukhov et al arXiv:1309.4149

- ◆ If it turns out to be the lattice phase only then curious role played by overlap/domain wall operator.
- ◆ Similar “anomalous phase” also seen in $N_f=12$ by overlap on staggered backgrounds when lowering quark mass.

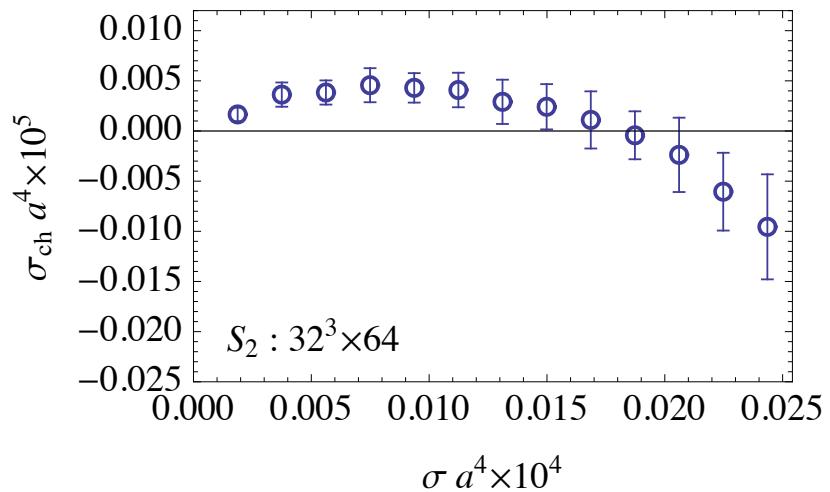
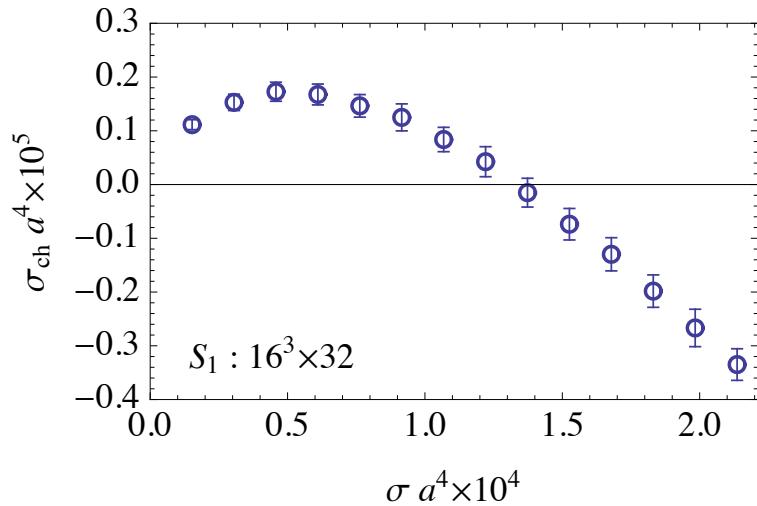
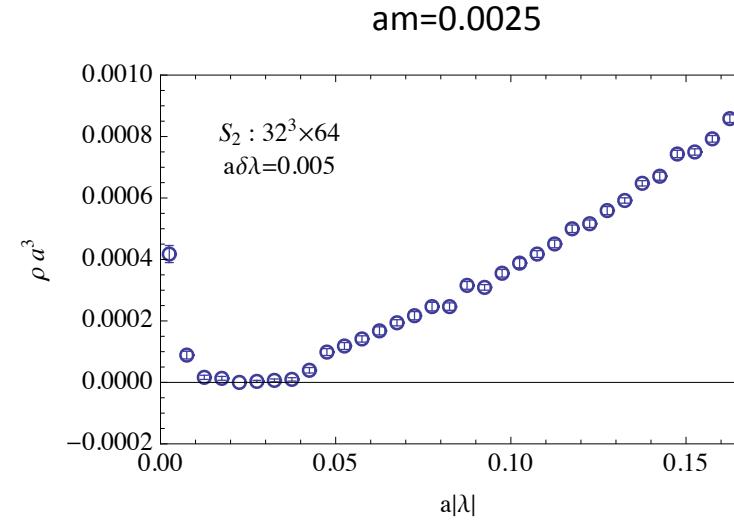
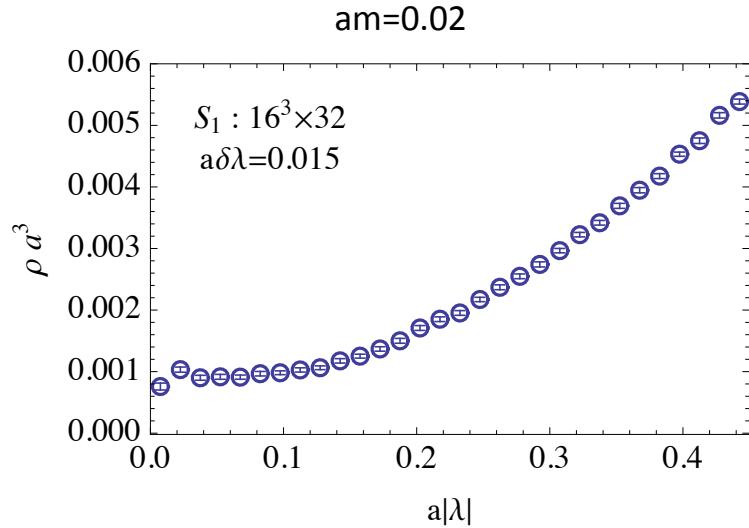
Alexandru, Horvath, arXiv:1405.2968

Thanks to Anna Hasenfratz & David Schaich for ensembles!

Thanks to Mingyang Sun!

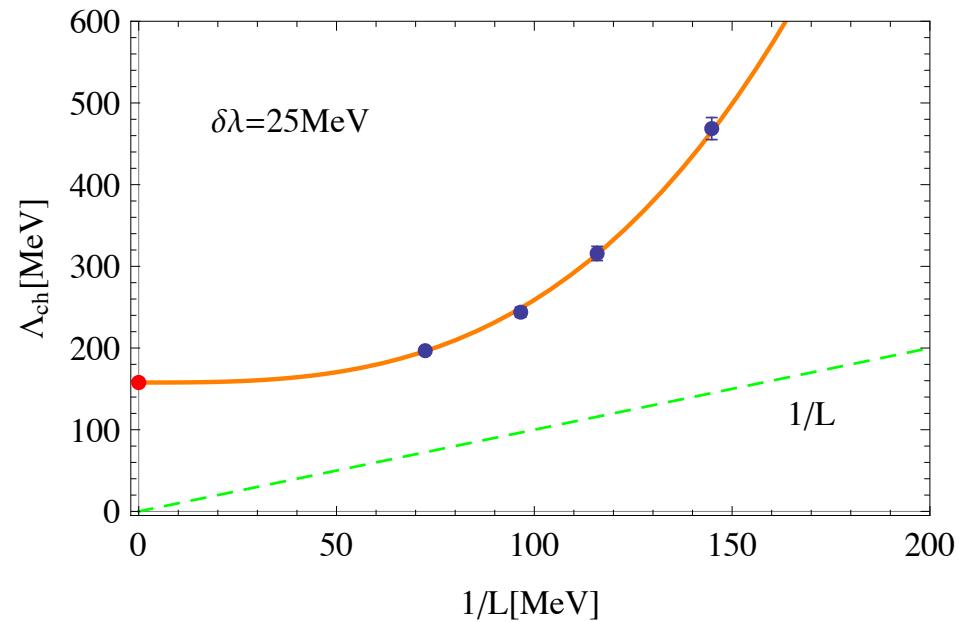
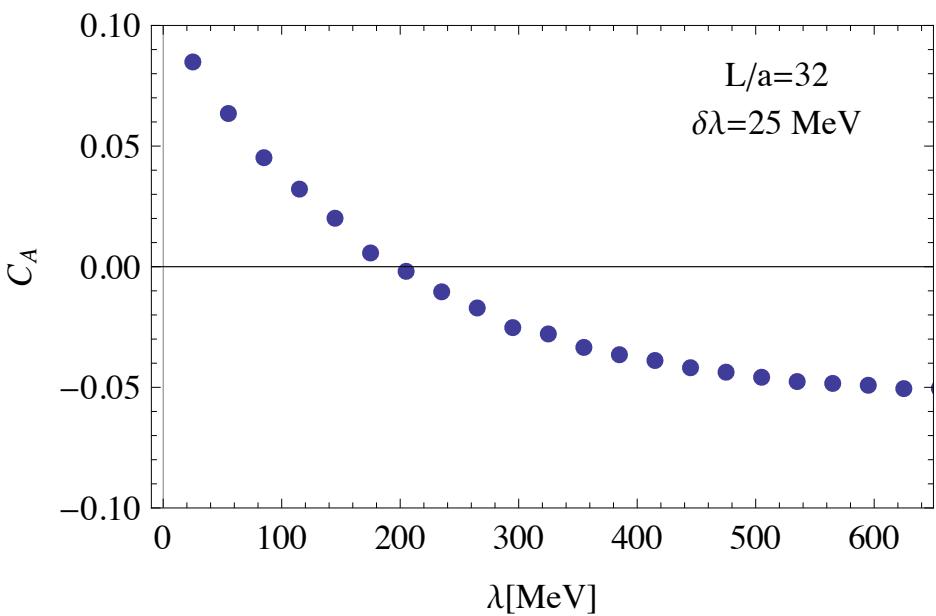
$N_f=12$ “anomalous” phase via lowering the quark mass

Ensembles from A. Hasenfratz et al, arXiv:1207.7162



Infinite Volume at Zero Temperature

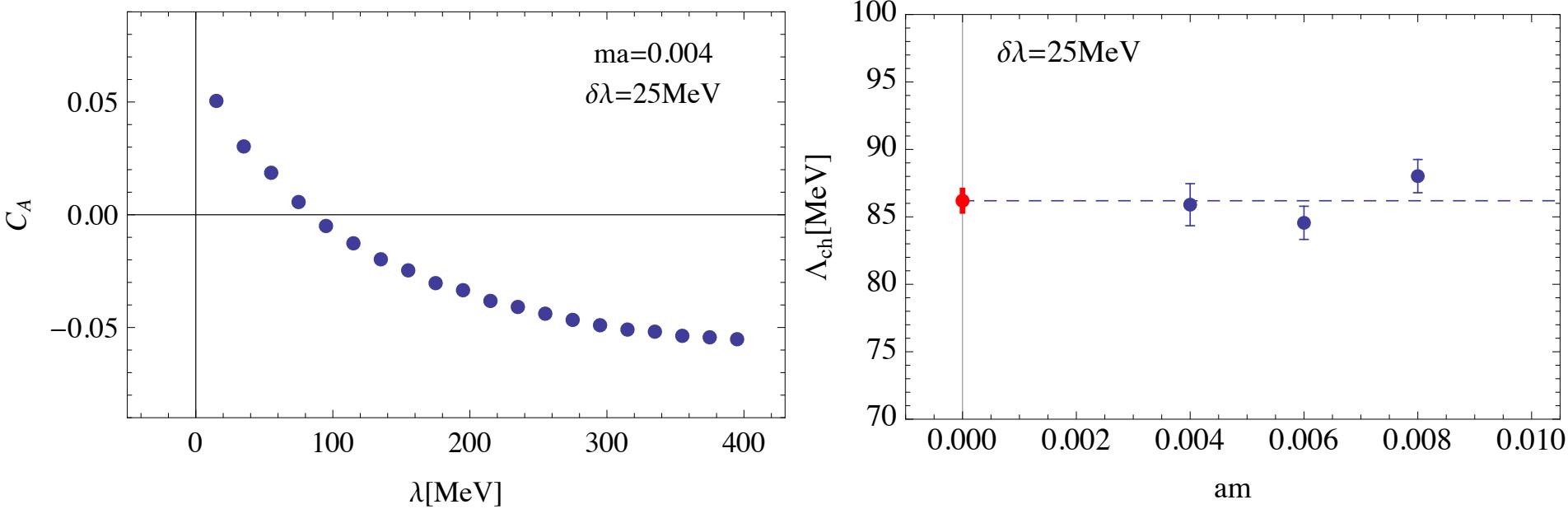
- $N_f=0$ QCD, Wilson action, overlap Dirac operator
- $a=0.085$ fm (r_0)
- $V = 16^4, 20^4, 24^4, 32^4$



Λ_{ch} IS A TRUE DYNAMICAL SCALE, DISTINCT FROM INFRARED CUTOFF

Light Quarks at Zero Temperature

- $N_f=2+1$ QCD, Domain Wall Fermions (RBC), overlap Dirac probe
- $a = 0.085 \text{ fm}$
- $V = 32^3 \times 64$, $am_l = 0.004, 0.006, 0.008$ lightest $m_\pi \approx 295 \text{ MeV}$



CHIRAL POLARIZATION IN MASSLESS LIMIT! FEATURE OF SChSB.

Old fact:

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow 0} \langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle_m \neq 0 \iff \lim_{m \rightarrow 0} \rho(\lambda \rightarrow 0, m) \neq 0$$

SChSB \iff mode condensation

New Conjecture:

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow 0} \langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle_m \neq 0 \iff \lim_{m \rightarrow 0} \rho_{ch}(\lambda \rightarrow 0, m) > 0$$

SChSB \iff chirality condensation

$$\rho_{ch}(\lambda, M, V) \equiv \frac{1}{V} \sum_k \langle \delta(\lambda - \lambda_k) C_{A,k} \rangle_{M,V}$$

density of chiral polarization